Aleekhreem آثوخ | بانگ نمونه سوالات پیام نور

کارشناسی و کارشناسی ناپیوسته

حضرت علی(ع): دانش راهبر نیکویی برای ایمان است



به همر آه پاسغنام

١	یک	:	ال	سوا	سری
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زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۱۲۰ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستى: ٥٠ تشريحى: ٥

عنــوان درس: زبان تخصصي ١،متون خارجي تخصصي

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: تربیت بدنی وعلوم ورزشی ۱۲۱۲۱۵۸ – ،تربیت بدنی وعلوم ورزشی (خواهران)،تربیت بدنی وعلوم ورزشی (برادران) ۱۲۱۵۰۵۲ متربیت بدنی و علوم ورزشی (ناپیوسته) ۱۲۱۵۱۷۶ –

1-The scientific, study of the structure of human or animal bodies is called						
1. athletic	^{2.} anatomy	3. contest	^{4.} curriculum			
2-You need good hand eye to play ball games.						
1. anatomy	^{2.} education	3. coordination	^{4.} evaluation			
3-The students of our university are in all forms of track and field.						
1. Endurance	^{2.} involved	3. competed	^{4.} exericise			
4-They appointed a new	manager toth	e work of the team.				
 coordinate 	2. coordination	3. coordinately	4. coordinating			
5-Bob has damaged the in His knee.						
1. ligament	^{2.} cartilage	^{3.} muscle	4. bones			
6-Metal as it becomes cool.						
1. contraction	^{2.} contractible	3. contractibly	4. contracts			
7-Vitamins are essential	for healthy					
1. growth	2. grow	3. growingly	4. growing			
8-An accurate	was made after a series o	of tests.				
1. _{limb}	^{2.} diagnosis	^{3.} pulse	^{4.} impulse			
9-The act listening with a stethoscope is called						
1. osculation	2. limb	^{3.} check up	4. impulse			
10-Public health officials were called tothe factory.						
 inspectable 	2. inspectingly	3. inspect	4. inspection			
11-The movement of blood around the body is called						
1. crutch	^{2.} disorder	3. circulation	^{4.} nerve			
12-They set up a drug center in the hospital.						
1. spasm	^{2.} epidemic	^{3.} hygiene	^{4.} rehabilitation			
13-The treatment of a physical problem or an illness is called						
1. nerve	^{2.} therapy	^{3.} medication	^{4.} hygiene			

کارشناسی و کارشناسی ناپیوسته

حضرت علی(ع): دانش راهبر نیکویی برای ایمان اسح



به همر آه پاسخنام

یک ۱	:	سوال	سری
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زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۱۲۰ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستى: 30 تشريحي: ٠

عنوان درس: زبان تخصصي (،متون خارجي تخصص

14-This medicine will give you some	،نی وعلوم ورزشی (برادران) ۲۱۵۰۵۲		لوم ورزشی ۱۲۱۲۱۵۸ – ،تربیت بدنی	
1. relieve 2. relief 3. relieved 4. relievedly 15-The use of energy, time, materials, etc is called			ملوم ورزشی (ناپیوسته) ۱۲۱۵۱۷۶، -	تربیت بدنی و ع
1. relieve 2. relief 3. relieved 4. relievedly 15-The use of energy, time, materials, etc is called	14-This medicine will give	e vou some		
1. expenditure 2. glycogen 3. fat 4. fatigue 16-The central part of some cells containing the genetic material is called	_	•	^{3.} relieved	4. relievedly
16-The central part of some cells containing the genetic material is called	15- The use of energy, tim	e, materials, etc is called	l	
1. phosphorylation 3. ribosome 4. heredity 17-A copy or reproduction of something is called 1. species 2. synthesis 3. replica 4. organele 18-Thesystem is the body produces substances to help to fight against infection and disease. 1. immune 2. immunology 3. immunize 4. immunologi 19-One long step: the distance covered by a step is called 1. track 2. spin 3. stride 4. take off 20-John's armsas he walks. 1. swings 2. swing 3. swinging 4. swingingly Reading these passage and then answer the questions. Text 1: Physical education is instruction about the physical structure and development of the body, its physiological and mechanical functions, and its most effective use. This process begins when the young child learns basic movement patterns that provide stimulation to physical development. 21-In line 1, "its" refers to? 1. physical education 3. the body 4. mechanical functions 22-when The process of physical education begins? 1. in childhood 2. at the birth	 expenditure 	^{2.} glycogen	^{3.} fat	^{4.} fatigue
3. ribosome 4. heredity 17-A copy or reproduction of something is called 1. species 2. synthesis 3. replica 4. organele 18-Thesystem is the body produces substances to help to fight against infection and disease. 1. immune 2. immunology 3. immunize 4. immunologi 19-One long step: the distance covered by a step is called 1. track 2. spin 3. stride 4. take off 20-John's armsas he walks. 1. swings 2. swing 3. swinging 4. swingingly Reading these passage and then answer the questions. Text 1: Physical education is instruction about the physical structure and development of the body, its physiological and mechanical functions, and its most effective use. This process begins when the young child learns basic movement patterns that provide stimulation to physical development. 21-In line 1, "its" refers to? 1. physical education 2. physical structure 3. the body 2. at the birth	16-The central part of sor	me cells containing the go	enetic material is called	•••••
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1. species 2. synthesis 3. replica 4. organele 18-Thesystem is the body produces substances to help to fight against infection and disease. 1. immune 2. immunology 3. immunize 4. immunologi 19-One long step: the distance covered by a step is called 1. track 2. spin 3. stride 4. take off 20-John's armsas he walks. 1. swings 2. swing 3. swinging 4. swingingly Reading these passage and then answer the questions. Text 1: Physical education is instruction about the physical structure and development of the body, its physiological and mechanical functions, and its most effective use. This process begins when the young child learns basic movement patterns that provide stimulation to physical development. 21-In line 1, "its" refers to? 1. physical education 2. physical structure 3. the body 4. mechanical functions 22-when The process of physical education begins? 1. in childhood 2. at the birth	^{3.} ribosome		^{4.} heredity	
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1. track 2. spin 3. stride 4. take off 20-John's arms	1. immune	^{2.} immunology	^{3.} immunize	^{4.} immunologic
20-John's armsas he walks. 1. swings 2. swing 3. swinging 4. swingingly Reading these passage and then answer the questions. Text 1: Physical education is instruction about the physical structure and development of the body, its physiological and mechanical functions, and its most effective use. This process begins when the young child learns basic movement patterns that provide stimulation to physical development. 21-In line 1, "its" refers to? 1. physical education 2. physical structure 3. the body 4. mechanical functions 22-when The process of physical education begins? 1. in childhood 2. at the birth	19-One long step: the dis	tance covered by a step i	s called	
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3. the body 4. mechanical functions 22-when The process of physical education begins? 1. in childhood 2. at the birth	21-In line 1, "its" refers to	?		
22-when The process of physical education begins? 1. in childhood 2. at the birth	 physical education 		 physical structu 	re
1. in childhood 2. at the birth	^{3.} the body		4. mechanical func	tions
	22-when The process of p	hysical education begins	?	
3. in adolescence 4. in elementary school	1. in childhood		^{2.} at the birth	
·	3. in adolescence		^{4.} in elementary so	chool

کارشناسی و کارشناسی ناپیوسته

حضرت علی(ع): دانش راهبر نیکویی برای ایمان اسم



به همر آه پاسفنامه

سرى سوال: يك ١

زمان آزمون (دقيقه): تستى: ١٢٠ تشريحي: ٠

تعداد سوالات: تستى: ٥٠ تشريحى: ٥

منسوان درس: زبان تخصصي ١،متون خارجي تخصصي

رشته تحصیلی / کد درس: تربیت بدنی وعلوم ورزشی (۱۲۱۲۱۵۸ – ،تربیت بدنی وعلوم ورزشی (خواهران)،تربیت بدنی وعلوم ورزشی (برادران) ۱۲۱۵۰۵۲ میلان (۲۱۵۰۵۲ میلان) ۱۲۱۵۰۵۲ میلان (خواهران)،تربیت بدنی و علوم ورزشی (ناپیوسته) ۱۲۱۵۱۷۶ میلان میلان (خواهران)،تربیت بدنی و علوم ورزشی (ناپیوسته) ۱۲۱۵۱۷۶ میلان (خواهران)،تربیت بدنی و علوم ورزشی (ناپیوسته) ۱۲۱۵۰۷۶ میلان (خواهران)،تربیت بدنی و علوم ورزشی (ناپیوسته) ۱۲۱۵۰۷۶ میلان (خواهران)،تربیت بدنی و علوم ورزشی (ناپیوسته) ۱۲۱۵۰۷۶ میلان (خواهران)،تربیت بدنی و علوم ورزشی (ناپیوسته) ۱۲۱۵۰۵۲ میلان (خواهران)،تربیت بدنی و علوم ورزشی (ناپیوسته) ۱۲۱۵۰۵۲ میلان (خواهران)،تربیت بدنی و علوم ورزشی (ناپیوسته) ۱۲۱۵۰۵۲ میلان (خواهران)،تربیت بدنی و علوم ورزشی (ناپیوسته) ۱۲۱۵۰۵۲ میلان (خواهران)،تربیت بدنی و علوم ورزشی (ناپیوسته) ۱۲۱۵۰۵۲ میلان (خواهران)،تربیت بدنی و علوم ورزشی (ناپیوسته) ۱۲۱۵۰۷ میلان (خواهران)،تربیت بدنی و علوم ورزشی (ناپیوسته) ۱۲۱۵۰۷ میلان (ناپیوسته) ۱۲۱۵۰۷ میلان (ناپیوسته) ۱۲۰۵۰ میلان (ناپیوسته) از ناپیوسته (ناپیوسته) ۱۲۰۵ میلان (ناپیوسته) ۱۲۰۵ میلان (ناپیوسته) ۱۲۰۵ میلان (ناپیوسته) از ناپیوسته (ناپیوسته) از ناپیوسته (ناپیوسته) از ناپیوسته (ناپیوسته) ۱۲۰۵ میلان (ناپیوسته) از ناپیوسته (ناپیوسته) (ناپیوسته) از ناپی

Progressive exercise is thought to improve the mechanical and structural properties of tissues, good physical fitness is also considered crucial to avoiding sport injury. Preventive training includes training of muscle mobility and flexibility, and coordination. Warm- up and cool- down are also considered to be important features of injury prevention.

Low intensity training promotes increases in bone length and growth in the growing athlete, but relatively high intensity training inhibits these. Zernike (1998) considered that high intensity training (70-80% of maximum oxygen uptake) inhibits bone remodeling and leads to a significant reduction in bending stiffness and leads to a significant reduction in bending stiffness and energy to-Failure.

23-which sentence is correct?

- 1. Warm- up and cool- down are considered to be important features of Preventive training.
- 2. good physical fitness is considered crucial to increase sport injury
- 3. Preventive training includes mechanical and structural properties of tissues.
- 4. High intensity training (70-80% of maximum oxygen uptake) inhibits bone remodeling.

24-which of the following changes exists in result of low intensity training?

1. increases in bone length

2. reduction in bending stiffness

3. reduction in energy to- Failure

4. reduction in bone length

25-To prevent injury in training are considered?

1. to improve muscle mobility

2. Warm- up and cool- down

3. normal physical fitness

4. to improve muscle coordination

26-Which kind of training inhibits increases in bone length and growth in the growing athlete?

1. moderate intensity training

2. low intensity training

3. high intensity training

4. Preventive training

کارشناسی و کارشناسی ناپیوسته

حضرت علی(ع): دانش راهبر نیکویی برای ایمان اسم



به همر اه پاسخناما

سرى سوال: يك ١

زمان آزمون (دقيقه): تستى: ١٢٠ تشريحي: ٠

تعداد سوالات: تستى: 30 تشريحى: 0

عنـــوان درس: زبان تخصصي ١،متون خارجي تخصصي

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: تربیت بدنی وعلوم ورزشی (۱۲۱۲۱۵۸ – ،تربیت بدنی وعلوم ورزشی (خواهران)،تربیت بدنی وعلوم ورزشی (برادران) ۱۲۱۵۰۵۲ میلی (۲۱۵۰۵۲ تربیت بدنی و علوم ورزشی (ناپیوسته) ۱۲۱۵۱۷۶ –

Specificity of form occurs in the cell as well as the whole organism. Every cell arises from a preexisting cell. By processes of cell division and heredity that are themselves universal, new molecules are synthesized in the production of two cells from one, and these molecules come together in various assemblies that duplicate cellular structures such as chromosomes, membranes, and mitochondria. In this way, daughter cells reproduce the form of the parent cell. However, in the development of a multicellular organism, daughter cells progressively come to differ from the parent cell. This process, called differentiation, occurs when a single fertilized cell, the zygote, eventually gives rises to muscle cells, never cells, bone cells, and the rest.

27-which one is the best title for the text?

1. Warm-up

2. sport injury

3. physical fitness

4. exercise and training

Text3:

If you watch an athlete in a wheelchair race you will notice the swinging (angular) motion of the athlete s arms as <u>they</u> spin the wheels of the wheelchair. The rotary motion of the wheels carries both athlete and chair along the track. Down the straightway the athlete and chair can be moving in a straight line at the same time, the wheels exhibit angular motion. This combination of angular of angular motion is known as general motion.

28-In a wheelchair race, what kind of motion of the wheels carries both athlete and chair along the track?

1. The linear motion

2. The general motion

3. The rotary motion

4. The circling motion

29-In line 2 "they" refers to......

1. swinging motion

2. wheels of the wheelchair

3. wheelchair race

4. athlete s arms

30-In a wheelchair race, athletes have a combination of motion.

1. angular and linear

2. linear and pirouetting

3. angular and general

4. angular and swinging